



# Energy Performance Certificate



2 West Park House,  
152-154, Spring Bank,  
HULL,  
HU3 1QW

Dwelling type: Ground-floor flat  
Date of assessment: 06 April 2011  
Date of certificate: 06 April 2011  
Reference number: 0951-2806-6241-9909-1915  
Type of assessment: RdSAP, existing dwelling  
Total floor area: 47 m<sup>2</sup>

This home's performance is rated in terms of the energy use per square metre of floor area, energy efficiency based on fuel costs and environmental impact based on carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions.

Energy Efficiency Rating			Environmental Impact (CO <sub>2</sub> ) Rating		
	Current	Potential		Current	Potential
Very energy efficient - lower running costs			Very environmentally friendly - lower CO <sub>2</sub> emissions		
(92 plus) <b>A</b>			(92 plus) <b>A</b>		
(81-91) <b>B</b>			(81-91) <b>B</b>		
(69-80) <b>C</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>79</b>	(69-80) <b>C</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>76</b>
(55-68) <b>D</b>			(55-68) <b>D</b>		
(39-54) <b>E</b>			(39-54) <b>E</b>		
(21-38) <b>F</b>			(21-38) <b>F</b>		
(1-20) <b>G</b>			(1-20) <b>G</b>		
Not energy efficient - higher running costs			Not environmentally friendly - higher CO <sub>2</sub> emissions		
<b>England &amp; Wales</b>		EU Directive 2002/91/EC 	<b>England &amp; Wales</b>		EU Directive 2002/91/EC 

The energy efficiency rating is a measure of the overall efficiency of a home. The higher the rating the more energy efficient the home is and the lower the fuel bills are likely to be.

The environmental impact rating is a measure of this home's impact on the environment in terms of Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions. The higher the rating the less impact it has on the environment.

## Estimated energy use, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions and fuel costs of this home

	Current	Potential
Energy use	213 kWh/m <sup>2</sup> per year	213 kWh/m <sup>2</sup> per year
Carbon dioxide emissions	1.7 tonnes per year	1.7 tonnes per year
Lighting	£25 per year	£25 per year
Heating	£309 per year	£309 per year
Hot water	£80 per year	£80 per year

The figures in the table above have been provided to enable prospective buyers and tenants to compare the fuel costs and carbon emissions of one home with another. To enable this comparison the figures have been calculated using standardised running conditions (heating periods, room temperatures, etc.) that are the same for all homes, consequently they are unlikely to match an occupier's actual fuel bills and carbon emissions in practice. The figures do not include the impacts of the fuels used for cooking or running appliances, such as TV, fridge etc.; nor do they reflect the costs associated with service, maintenance or safety inspections. Always check the certificate date because fuel prices can change over time and energy saving recommendations will evolve.



Certification mark

Remember to look for the energy saving recommended logo when buying energy-efficient products. It's a quick and easy way to identify the most energy-efficient products on the market.

This EPC and recommendations report may be given to the Energy Saving Trust to provide you with information on improving your dwelling's energy performance.

## About this document

The Energy Performance Certificate for this dwelling was produced following an energy assessment undertaken by a qualified assessor, accredited by Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd, to a scheme authorised by the Government. This certificate was produced using the RdSAP 2005 assessment methodology and has been produced under the Energy Performance of Buildings (Certificates and Inspections) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007 as amended. A copy of the certificate has been lodged on a national register.

Assessor's accreditation number:	EES/006410
Assessor's name:	Mr. David Read
Company name/trading name:	David Read Property Services
Address:	32 Main Street, Ledston, Castleford, Yorkshire, WF10 2AB
Phone number:	01977 553 444
Fax number:	01977 553 444
E-mail address:	davidread749@btinternet.com
Related party disclosure:	No related party

## If you have a complaint or wish to confirm that the certificate is genuine

Details of the assessor and the relevant accreditation scheme are as above. You can get contact details of the accreditation scheme from their website at [www.elmhurstenergy.co.uk](http://www.elmhurstenergy.co.uk) together with details of their procedures for confirming authenticity of a certificate and for making a complaint.

## About the building's performance ratings

The ratings on the certificate provide a measure of the building's overall energy efficiency and its environmental impact, calculated in accordance with a national methodology that takes into account factors such as insulation, heating and hot water systems, ventilation and fuels used. The average Energy Efficiency Rating for a dwelling in England and Wales is band E (rating 46).

Not all buildings are used in the same way, so energy ratings use 'standard occupancy' assumptions which may be different from the specific way you use your home. Different methods of calculation are used for homes and for other buildings. Details can be found at [www.communities.gov.uk/epbd](http://www.communities.gov.uk/epbd).

Buildings that are more energy efficient use less energy, save money and help protect the environment. A building with a rating of 100 would cost almost nothing to heat and light and would cause almost no carbon emissions. The potential ratings on the certificate describe how close this building could get to 100 if all the cost effective recommended improvements were implemented.

## About the impact of buildings on the environment

One of the biggest contributors to global warming is carbon dioxide. The way we use energy in buildings causes emissions of carbon. The energy we use for heating, lighting and power in homes produces over a quarter of the UK's carbon dioxide emissions and other buildings produce a further one-sixth.

The average household causes about 6 tonnes of carbon dioxide every year. Adopting the recommendations in this report can reduce emissions and protect the environment. You could reduce emissions even more by switching to renewable energy sources. In addition there are many simple everyday measures that will save money, improve comfort and reduce the impact on the environment. Some examples are given at the end of this report.



Click [www.epcadviser.direct.gov.uk](http://www.epcadviser.direct.gov.uk) our online tool which uses information from this EPC to show you how to save money on your fuel bills.

Further information about Energy Performance Certificates can be found under Frequently Asked Questions at [www.epcregister.com](http://www.epcregister.com)

## Recommended measures to improve this home's energy performance

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### Summary of this home's energy performance related features

The table below gives an assessment of the key individual elements that have an impact on this home's energy and environmental performance. Each element is assessed by the national calculation methodology against the following scale: Very poor / Poor / Average / Good / Very good. The assessment does not take into consideration the physical condition of any element. 'Assumed' means that the insulation could not be inspected and an assumption has been made in the methodology based on age and type of construction.

Elements	Description	Current performance	
		Energy Efficiency	Environmental
Walls	Solid brick, as built, no insulation (assumed)	Very poor	Very poor
Roof	(another dwelling above)	-	-
Floor	Suspended, no insulation (assumed)	-	-
Windows	Fully double glazed	Average	Average
Main heating	Boiler and radiators, mains gas	Good	Good
Main heating controls	Programmer and room thermostat	Average	Average
Secondary heating	None	-	-
Hot water	From main system	Good	Good
Lighting	Low energy lighting in all fixed outlets	Very good	Very good
Current energy efficiency rating		C 79	
Current environmental impact (CO <sub>2</sub> ) rating		C 76	

### Low and zero carbon energy sources

None

## Recommendations

None

## Further measures to achieve even higher standards

The measures listed below should be considered if aiming for the highest possible standards for this home. However you should check the conditions in any covenants, planning conditions, warranties or sale contracts.

1 50 mm internal or external wall insulation	£40	B 81	C 79
Enhanced energy efficiency rating		B 81	
Enhanced environmental impact (CO <sub>2</sub> ) rating			C 79

Improvements to the energy efficiency and environmental impact ratings will usually be in step with each other. However, they can sometimes diverge because reduced energy costs are not always accompanied by a reduction in carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) emissions.

## About the cost effective measures to improve this home's performance ratings

Not applicable

## About the further measures to achieve even higher standards

Further measures that could deliver even higher standards for this home. You should check the conditions in any covenants, planning conditions, warranties or sale contracts before undertaking any of these measures. If you are a tenant, before undertaking any work you should check the terms of your lease and obtain approval from your landlord if the lease either requires it, or makes no express provision for such work.

### 1 Internal or external wall insulation

Solid wall insulation involves adding a layer of insulation to either the inside or the outside surface of the external walls, which reduces heat loss and lowers fuel bills. As it is more expensive than cavity wall insulation it is only recommended for walls without a cavity, or where for technical reasons a cavity cannot be filled. Internal insulation, known as dry-lining, is where a layer of insulation is fixed to the inside surface of external walls; this type of insulation is best applied when rooms require redecorating and can be installed by a competent DIY enthusiast. External solid wall insulation is the application of an insulant and a weather-protective finish to the outside of the wall. This may improve the look of the home, particularly where existing brickwork or rendering is poor, and will provide long-lasting weather protection. Further information can be obtained from the National Insulation Association ([www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk](http://www.nationalinsulationassociation.org.uk)). It should be noted that planning permission might be required.

## What can I do today?

Actions that will save money and reduce the impact of your home on the environment include:

- Ensure that you understand the dwelling and how its energy systems are intended to work so as to obtain the maximum benefit in terms of reducing energy use and CO2 emissions.
- Check that your heating system thermostat is not set too high (in a home, 21°C in the living room is suggested) and use the timer to ensure you only heat the building when necessary.
- Turn off lights when not needed and do not leave appliances on standby. Remember not to leave chargers (e.g. for mobile phones) turned on when you are not using them.
- Close your curtains at night to reduce heat escaping through the windows.
- If you're not filling up the washing machine, tumble dryer or dishwasher, use the half-load or economy programme.

For advice on how to take action and to find out about offers available to help make your home more energy efficient, call 0800 512 012 or visit [www.energysavingtrust.org.uk](http://www.energysavingtrust.org.uk).